# 3M™ MicroTouch™ System SCT7650EX Integration Guide

Read and understand all safety information contained in this document before using this product.





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### **About This Manual**

The 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> System SCT7650EX – with its best-in-class 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> EX II touch electronics – sets the standard in rugged surface capacitive offerings. Designed to withstand heavy abuse in unattended, vandal-prone applications, the SCT7650EX surface capacitive touch system is an ideal solution for extreme environments that require a toughened, shatter-resistant, liquid-resistant touch solution. Whether you're designing ticketing kiosks or gaming machines, providing ATM solutions or require a toughened product for challenging industrial environments, SCT7650EX touch system can meet or exceed your design requirements.

The SCT7650EX touch system is constructed by optically laminating 4 mm glass to the back of a 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT3250 sensor – the standard for surface capacitive sensors. By combining the SCT3250EX's industry-leading features for reliability and robustness with laminated impact-resistant characteristics, the SCT7650EX Touch System offers excellent touch performance when and where ever you need it.

- Laminated construction provides high impact resistance for vandal-prone locations.
- Excellent light transmission supports dynamic interactive applications.
- NEMA 4/IP66 seal-ability protects from liquids and other contaminants affecting sensor operation or damaging the LCD display.
- UL-60950 Third Edition.
- Available "viewer privacy" feature with 3M Vikuiti Advanced Light Control Film for ATMs and many public applications.

Each SCT7650 sensor requires an EX II controller. These controllers come in different form factors and may be cased or uncased; refer to the appropriate  $3M^{\rm TM}$   $MicroTouch^{\rm TM}$  EX II Controllers Reference Guide and the MT 7 Software User Guide for more information on your touch system. All technical documentation is available from the 3M Touch Systems website at http://www.3Mtouch.com/.

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#### What You Need to Know

#### **▲ WARNING**

#### To avoid the risk of hazardous voltage which could result in serious injury or death:

You must be a qualified technician with experience in assembling and disassembling different types of displays. You must know the specifics of your display and have access to its documentation.

There may be hazardous voltages present in the display. If you do not understand display electronics, you may injure yourself, damage the sensor, or damage the touch system controller.

This manual describes how to complete the following tasks:

- Disassemble your display (if necessary)
- Mount the sensor to the LCD panel
- Install the touch system controller

### **Important Safety Information**

Read and understand all safety information before using this product. Follow all instructions marked on the product and described in this document. Pay close attention to the following installation warnings and safety precautions.

#### **Intended Use**

The 3M<sup>TM</sup>MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650EX System Integration Guide is intended to instruct and guide you in the integration of an SCT7650 sensor into an existing flat sensor display. These sensors are not designed for use in hazardous locations.

#### **Explanation of Signal Word Consequences**

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury and/or property damage.

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage.

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.



#### **⚠** DANGER

To avoid the risk of fire and/or explosion which will result in serious injury or death:

Do not install or use this product in a hazardous location.

#### WARNING

To reduce the risk of hazardous voltage which could result in serious injury or

- You must be a qualified technician with experience in assembling and disassembling different types of displays. You must know the specifics of your display and have access to its documentation. There may be hazardous voltages present in the display. If you do not understand display electronics, you may injure yourself, damage the sensor, or damage the touch system controller.
- Do not use a damaged power supply.
- Do not use a power cord that is frayed or otherwise damaged.
- Disconnect the power to the LCD monitor before installation.
- Do not service the monitor.
- Do not use non-conforming replacement parts.
- Do not expose the monitor to rain or other sources of water, steam, or moisture.

To reduce the risk of fire and/or explosion which could result in serious injury or property damage:

Do not use this product in any outdoor environment unless NEMA standards (or other similar standards such as IP rating) are followed.



#### **⚠** CAUTION

To reduce the risk of electric shock which may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage:

- Exercise caution when working with an ungrounded faceplate CRT. Because of the hazards involved, 3M Touch Systems recommends against using this specific type of CRT monitor in all touch applications.
- Follow all instructions and recommendations in the manufacturer's documentation.

To reduce the risk of the potentially hazardous situations associated with the use of isopropyl alcohol which may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage:

Follow all instructions and recommendations in the alcohol manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet and product label.

To reduce the risk of possible environmental contamination which may result in minor or moderate injury:

Dispose of the monitor in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

### **Important Notes for Video Displays**

- Plug power cord into appropriate power source.
- Plug power cord into a grounded receptacle.
- When unplugging power supply cord, pull on the plug not the cord.
- Do not connect or disconnect this product during an electrical storm.
- Install the display in a well-ventilated area. Always maintain adequate ventilation to protect the display from overheating and to ensure reliable and continued operation.

- Do not expose the display to direct sunlight or heat. Passive heat may cause damage to the case and other parts.
- Do not install the display in areas where extreme vibrations may be generated. For example, nearby manufacturing equipment may produce strong vibrations. The vibrations may cause the display to exhibit picture discoloration or poor video quality.
- Ensure that metal enclosures or bezels do not directly contact the sensor.
- To avoid ergonomic concerns: Do not install the LCD in a manner or location with awkward accessibility. Extended use may result in muscle, tendon, or fixed posture strains. It is recommended you take periodic breaks from continuous use.

### **Sensor Care and Cleaning**

The sensor requires very little maintenance. 3M Touch Systems, Inc. recommends that you periodically clean the glass sensor surface.



#### **⚠** CAUTION

To reduce the risk of the potentially hazardous situations associated with the use of isopropyl alcohol which may result in minor or moderate injury or property

Follow all instructions and recommendations in the alcohol manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet and product label.

Typically, an isopropyl alcohol and water solution ratio of 50:50 is the best cleaning agent for your sensor. You can also use straight isopropyl alcohol. Be sure to follow solvent manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using any solvents.

- It is important to avoid using any caustic chemicals on the sensor.
- Always dampen the cloth and then clean the sensor. Be sure to spray the cleaning liquid onto the cloth, not the sensor, so that drips do not seep inside the display or stain the bezel.
- Apply the cleaner with a soft, lint-free cloth. Avoid using gritty cloths.
- Always handle the sensor with care. Do not pull on or stress flex tail.

### **3M Touch Systems Support Services**

3M Touch Systems, Inc. provides extensive support services through our website and technical support organization. Visit the 3M Touch Systems website at http://www.3Mtouch.com/, where you can download touch system software and drivers, obtain regularly updated technical documentation on 3M Touch Systems products, and learn more about our company.

Whenever you contact Technical Support, please provide the following information:

- Touch monitor size, part number and serial number
- Current driver version
- Operating system used
- Information on additional peripherals

Technical Support is available Monday through Friday 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. with limited call back service after 5:30 p.m. until 8:00 p.m. US Eastern Standard Time -9 a.m. to 5 p.m. throughout Europe.

You can contact 3M Touch Systems, Inc. Technical Support (US only -- Eastern Standard Time) by calling the hot line, sending email or a fax.

Technical Support Hot Line: 978-659-9200
Technical Support Fax: 978-659-9400
Toll Free: 1-866-407-6666 (Option 3)
Email: US-TS-techsupport@mmm.com

### **Contact 3M Touch Systems**

Contact information for all offices can be found on our website at: <a href="http://www.3Mtouch.com/">http://www.3Mtouch.com/</a>

#### **CHAPTER 1**

### **Getting Started**

To begin installing your 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650EX sensor, take a few minutes to review this chapter. It is your roadmap to a successful installation.

- Pay close attention to the important safety information. Disassembling a display can be a dangerous procedure. Be sure to follow all manufacturers' recommendations for assembly and disassembly of your flat sensor display.
- Make sure you have the necessary equipment before starting the installation. Refer to *Supplies and Tools Needed for the Installation* later in this chapter.
- Set up a clean, comfortable, and spacious working area. Having sufficient room to work makes the installation easier.
- Test your display to ensure good working condition before you install the sensor.
- Identify the different components to install and review the summary of the installation procedure. It is important to know how all the pieces eventually fit together before disassembling your system.

**Note:** If any points within this guide are unclear to you, or further clarification is necessary, please contact your 3M Touch Systems applications engineer.

### **Installation Warnings and Safety Precautions**

3M Touch Systems recommends that only qualified display technicians install the sensor for the following reasons:

- Due to the risk of injuring yourself
- Due to the danger of hazardous voltages present in the display
- Due to the risk of accidentally damaging the sensor
- Due to the risk of altering the LCD's critical circuits

If you decide to install the sensor, take the following precautions:

- Follow each procedure carefully, work with the system powered off and unplugged, and observe all warnings.
- Protect your investment. The sensor is a glass product. You must handle it with care.

**Note:** Consult the display manufacturer to find out whether the original warranty will be affected if you install the sensor. Also, determine who will recertify the display. Recertification will be necessary to comply with safety and FCC or CE regulations.

### **Supplies and Tools Needed for the Installation**

Before starting the installation procedure, check that you have all the items listed below.

- Safety glasses
- Small containers for holding loose parts (paper cups)
- Electrical tape (or black acetate tape)
- Clean soft cloth and cleaner for the display and sensor
- Replacement screws for mounting flat panel to bezel or chassis
- Ring lugs or crimps
- Nylon spacers and washers
- Gloves for handling glass

- Clean, anti-static pad
- Foam blocks
- Foam pad
- Felt-tip marker pen
- Cable tie-wraps
- ROHS compliant solder
- Bezel sealing gasket
- LCD mounting tape
- 5 mil thick polyimide tape such as Kapton® tape

#### **Tools Needed**

- Flat-blade screwdriver with insulated handle
- Utility knife or single-edge razor blade
- Power drill
- Wire stripper
- Compressed air (optional)

- Philips-head screwdriver
- Soldering iron
- Center punch
- Variety of drill, tap, and spade bits
- Crimping tool
- Dremel® tool or nibbler

### **Preparing Your Work Space**

#### **Comfortable Work Area**

Select a comfortable work area with adequate space and lighting. Make sure that the area is free of clutter and/or objects that could scratch the sensor and flat panel display. 3M Touch Systems recommends an area of at least 15 square feet (1.39 square meters). You need this space to handle components safely and to set major components aside during the installation.

#### **Protective Material**

Place anti-static protective material on the work surface. A padded surface protects equipment from scratches during installation. Foam blocks can be used to support the sensor and make for easier handling of the sensor.

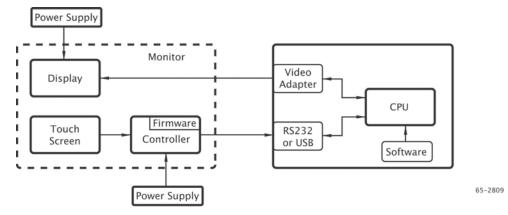
#### **Small Containers**

Have several small containers (such as paper cups) available to hold screws, washers, and other small components once you remove them.

#### Foam Pad

A foam pad is useful for holding the display while attaching the sensor. The pad makes the sensor easier to rotate for fastening screws, taping, etc.

### **Identifying the Components**



The following components are needed for a successful integration:

- A 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650 sensor
- A 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> EX II controller either USB or Serial
- A serial cable (7310101) or USB cables (either 7312256 or 7319420)
- Software and technical documentation found on the <u>www.3Mtouch.com</u>.

Save the invoice, shipping container, and all packing material in case you need to transport the equipment any time in the future.

### **Testing the Display Video**

Whether you are installing the sensor on a new or older display, you should make sure that the display is in good working condition and the video output is functioning properly. Your initial test should verify that the video functions properly before you install the sensor. You can also compare your results with the results you get after you complete the installation.

If the display is functioning properly, turn off your system, disconnect power plugs, and disconnect all cables from the display. You are ready to disassemble the display and install the sensor.

### **Optional Power Supply for a Serial Controller**

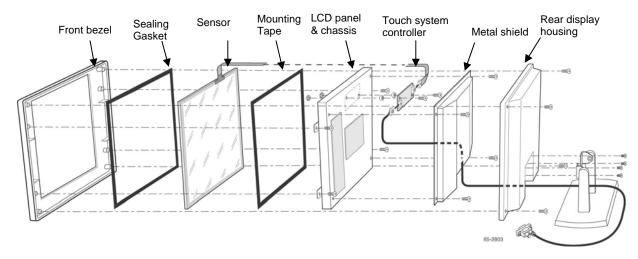
If you are using a serial controller, you may need some additional equipment depending on power and port requirements. Serial controllers include the EX II 1700SC series and EX II 7700SC series controllers.

When installing a serial controller, you must supply power to the controller. You can use internal power (using the NOVRAM cable orange/grey/green power wires tap power from inside the display) or use external power. If you decide to use external power, you will need a power supply. If you are using a standard 3M Touch Systems RS-232 serial cable (P/N 7310101), or a cased EX II 1700SC controller, consult your applications engineer for power supply specifications. For countries that use a 230/240-volt main system, it may be necessary to purchase a power supply locally.

For the EX II 7700 you can supply internal power +5V to +12 VDC though the 2-pin power input connector pin 2 (+5V to 12 V) and pin 1 (RTN). A square pin indicator on the bottom of the board marks pin 1.

Details on the power requirements of the EX II series controllers can be found in the EX II Serial Controller Reference manual available at <a href="http://www.3mtouch.com/">http://www.3mtouch.com/</a>.

### **Summary of the Installation Procedure**



You can install a 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650 sensor on most displays. Although each particular display may have some unique integration considerations, the basic installation process consists of the following steps:

- Test that the display's video works properly
- Disassemble the display (if necessary)
- Mount the sensor to the front of the LCD panel (recommended)
- Install the touch system controller (internally)
- Reassemble the display (if necessary)
- Connect the display and sensor to your computer system.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

### **Sensor Design Considerations**

### **Design Considerations**

3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650 sensors are available in a variety of sizes, for use on a variety of displays. These sensors come in two different configurations: one with a 5-pin connector to attach to an EX II 7700 series controller; and one with a 12-pin NOVRAM connector for EX II 1700 and EX II 5700 series controllers.

SCT7650EX is designed and produced without a backshield and takes advantage of the superior sensitivity and noise rejection of EX II controllers. Refer to the appropriate  $3M^{\text{TM}}$  *MicroTouch* Controller Reference Guide for instructions on how to select signal frequency for best EMI rejection.

### **Before You Begin**

Before you begin the installation, please review the following design considerations. An overview of the entire installation process will help to ensure a successful installation.

- Perform a bench test of all hardware to ensure functionality before you start.
- When installing the sensor, be careful not to route the flex tail and power wires near the backlight inverter of the LCD panel.
- Ensure that nothing contacts the sensor directly it should be mechanically decoupled by the recommended foams.
- Before installing the sensor, be sure to account for the space needed by the sensor and its flex tail.
- The bezel may need to be modified to accommodate the sealing gasket and sensor. When trimming the bezel, make sure that the mechanical integrity of the display is not compromised.
- The sensor flex tail is designed to be flexible, and it may be creased *once in a single direction*, in multiple locations along the tail. It should then be secured in place with a light adhesive tape. Avoid angular creases (45°) to the flex tail directly in the area of the tail bond and tape strain relief.

If it is necessary to remove the sensor from the display after it has been attached, do not pry it off. Carefully follow the instructions given.

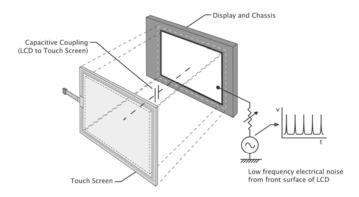
#### CAUTION

#### To reduce the risk of glass breakage which may result in minor or moderate injury:

Do not try to pry the sensor off the LCD panel if you need to remove the sensor for servicing. You may break the glass and injure yourself or others.

- Be sure to follow the solvent manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using any solvents. Follow the manufacturer's directions for suitable chemicals for your display.
- When reassembling the sensor and bezel, be sure not to tighten any one corner more than the other corners. Pressure should be evenly distributed across the sensor.

#### **Electrical Considerations**



#### EMI and Shielding

The front surfaces of flat panel displays carry potentials that fluctuate at the harmonics of display scan frequencies. 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> EX II controllers default to a frequency (95.7 kHz) selected for best rejection of common LCD frequencies. Refer to the MT7 Software User Guide for additional information on how to change frequency. All technical documentation is available from the 3M Touch Systems website at http://www.3Mtouch.com/.

#### **LCDs**

The primary problem with some new types of LCD displays (i.e., IPS displays) in a surface capacitive sensor environment is that they generate much more electrical noise than their predecessors. The excessive electrical noise generated by these displays may couple into the sensor circuitry and be interpreted by the controller as a touch signal.

A surface capacitive sensor attached to the face of a LCD acts like a large capacitor meaning that it can be charged or discharged continuously. The capacitor consists of 2 plates: one is the face of the LCD and the other is the sensor. In addition, some types of LCDs exhibit varying effective impedance to ground.

LCDs should be equal to or larger than the installed sensor. Inadequately supported sensors may be susceptible to mechanical bending. Excessively large sensors are more susceptible to stray capacitance changes, when mechanical distortions are present.

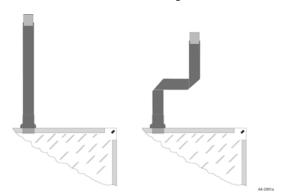
#### **Mechanical Considerations**

#### Flex Tail Routing

To minimize the risk of electromagnetic interference, never run the sensor flex tail near or over the LCD backlight inverter. The noise generated by an inverter covers a broad spectrum and can contain frequencies close to the signal frequency.

The sensor flex tail is not a handle. Never pick your sensor up by the flex tail. It is an electrical connection and is not designed for high stress.

Do not place constant stress on the flex tail during handling or integration. Do not expose the flex tail to mechanical stresses because of the integration design. Provide adequate slack to ensure there is no straining on the flex tail. Avoid lateral pulls that may overstress the outermost electrical contacts on the glass.



The sensor flex tail is designed to be flexible, and it may be creased *once in a single direction*, in multiple locations along the flex tail and then secured in position with a light adhesive tape. Avoid angular creases (45°) to the flex tail directly in the area of the bond and tape strain relief.

The sensor flex tail should not move freely after assembly. Apply tape or another light adhesive to secure the flex tail in a manner that does not apply stress to the flex tail.

Apply tape or other insulating material to exposed sharp edges to protect the flex tail. Route the flex tail away from sharp edges whenever possible. If this cannot be avoided, secure the tail so it does not move.

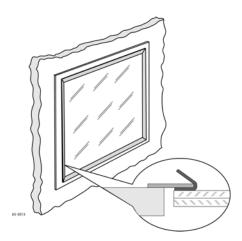
**Note:** 3M Touch Systems does not recommend metal mounting brackets for use with the touch sensor. If metal mounting brackets must be used, be sure to keep tail bends away. Make sure that all metal brackets are grounded.

### **Sealing**

3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650 sensors can be sealed in the same way as SCT3250 sensors. However, you may wish to use more rugged gasket materials depending on the environment and intended use of the system. For example, closed cell foam tapes may not be the best choice for an outdoor application open to public use. In cases such as this, the materials used must still conform to the stated guidelines. It is often possible to find such materials in a different form that may be more suited to the application (e.g., a solid rubber seal, rather than closed cell foam).

In order to reach a NEMA4 or IP66 rating, a single piece gasket frame is recommended, rather than individual strips of gasket material on each edge. Make sure to follow the recommended compression factors for the gasket material.

In environments where water may be present, it is important to choose a gasket profile so that water is not allowed to contact a metal bezel and the surface of the sensor at the same time. One good method to seal the sensor is to use a plastic water deflector as shown in the illustration below.



### **Sealing Gasket to Bezel**

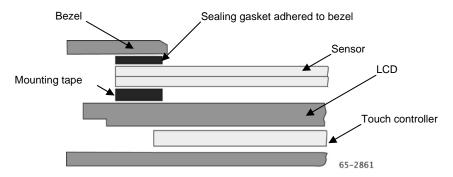
Proper gasketing is critical to any successful sensor integration. All displays, regardless of environment, will be exposed to dust, dirt, spills, and grime and should be sealed with gaskets. Gasketing is relatively simple and straightforward. It can be either an o-ring or a flat, closed cell foam gasket applied around the perimeter of the bezel.

We recommend using nonacidic, pH neutral 3M brand tapes to seal your bezel and sensor. 3M foam tapes provide superior resistance to moisture and chemicals over other traditional cellular foam tapes.

**Important Note:** Be aware that certain sealing materials may contain active chemicals (such as sulfur, acidic compounds or chlorine) that can, if allowed to diffuse, tarnish the silver conductors and thus affect the operation of the sensor. In selecting sealing materials, it is important to know the chemical compounds used in the formulation and to avoid chemically active, corrosive, and/or recycled materials made from unknown ingredients.

Certain types of neoprene gaskets contain an excess of sulfur that makes them unacceptable for this purpose. It is essential that the user evaluate this product to determine whether it is suitable for their particular purpose and method of application. Common x-ray fluorescence testing by an analytical lab can differentiate gasket composition.

Single-sided tapes, adhered to the bezel, make for easy sealing of the sensor. Simply align and adhere the tape to the bezel edge. Gaskets should follow the sensor perimeter to ensure a good seal without interfering with the viewing area of the display. The gasket must contact the clear viewing area of the sensor. Adhere the gasket to the bezel -- *not* to the sensor surface.



Remember to choose a gasket material with recommended thickness of 3 mm or greater before compression and attach it to the inside of the bezel opening.

3M recommends attaching the SCT7650 sensor directly to the display. Avoid mounting the LCD and sensor independently to a common bezel. Stresses applied to the bezel may influence the gap between the sensor and the display. This may cause erratic operation and false touches.

Avoid attaching the sensor to a door, if the LCD is attached to a cabinet. If this cannot be avoided, do not operate the sensor with a partially open door, which will cause erratic operation such as jittery cursor and variable offsets. Upon closing the door, always reset the controller.

The compression should be evenly distributed to the glass surface. Be aware of and follow material manufacturer's recommended compression specifications. 3M Touch Systems has successfully used Volara® 2AF tape for this purpose.

#### **Reset Switch**

The SCT7650EX system acts as a capacitor continuously charging and discharging. This capacitor is made up of the front active surface of the sensor, the LCD panel, and any metallic bezel that the sensor is near. If the distances between these objects are fixed, the environmental capacitance does not vary. However, if the distance between the sensor and LCD panel or between the sensor and a metallic bezel changes, the environmental capacitance will change also. If the sensor is to be used in this type of situation, additional steps may be necessary.

If either the LCD panel or its enclosure/bezel is moved during operation (for instance while servicing the machine), and use of the sensor is still required in such a state, resetting the touch controller is recommended. This may be done in several ways.

- 1. If opening the door requires the operator to enter some form of service program, it may be possible to use this program to issue a controller reset command through the driver. Further details are available from your local 3M Touch Systems field applications engineers.
- 2. An alternative method of triggering a controller reset command is by means of a switch. The switch should be mounted so that when the door is opened or closed, the switch is activated. This can then be linked to the PC. Upon activation, the PC can then issue a controller reset command through the driver.
- 3. Finally, it is possible to trigger a reset by cycling the power to the controller. In this scenario, a switch like that described above can be used. The switch should be attached so that the action of opening the door disconnects controller power for 200 ms before restoring power. For USB controllers, you must disconnect communication lines as well as power lines. The same action should take place when the door is closed.

**Note:** The controller requires 3 or 4 seconds to initialize once power is restored.

### **Clamping Force**

The SCT7650 sensor is designed to pass the Impact Test outlined in UL60950 Clause 4.2.5. However, there are mechanical integration considerations that contribute to successful compliance with this standard.

When designing the mounting and enclosure for your system, it is important not to clamp the sensor tightly to the bezel or the LCD. If the sensor is too tightly clamped, the impact resistance of the sensor may be compromised. Use the recommended materials for mounting and gasketing, compressed by the recommended amount, so that any mechanical energy due to an impact will be dissipated through the mounting and gasket tapes and not absorbed by the sensor.

### **Mounting Tape to LCD**

The sensor must be mounted such that the spacing between the sensor and LCD does not vary due to compression or expansion from touch forces or temperature changes. For optimal performance, we strongly recommend using 3M brand 4956, 4956F, or 4979F tape for this purpose. Failure to mount the sensor in this fashion may result in reduced accuracy.

**Note:** When the sensor is mounted to the LCD, any impact on the front surface will be transmitted to the LCD. It is the responsibility of the designer to ensure that the assembled unit meets their requirements for impact resistance.

Tape extending beyond the sensor edge may cause excessive stress on the tail connection. Apply the tape to the sensor surface, rather than the LCD, to ensure proper alignment.



**Note:** 3M VHB acrylic foam tapes (Product Numbers 4956, 4956F, or 4979F) are well suited for this purpose. These tapes were chosen for their thermal properties. The typical Thermal Coefficient of Expansion for these tapes is 1.8 X 10E4 mm/mm/°C.

These recommended tapes have been tested to be stable over the published sensor operating temperature range. Any other mounting tape must be tested by the user to stability requirements before installing on sensors.

It is essential that the user evaluate this product to determine whether it is suitable for their particular purpose and method of application.

**Caution:** The gasket tape should have a minimum thickness of 1/16 inch (1.587 mm). Avoid using thinner tapes. If thicker tape is needed, it is okay to double the recommended VHB tape. Do NOT use highly compressible tapes.

#### **Metal Enclosures**

Because conductive surfaces can present a stray capacitive loading to the sensor, you must be careful when positioning the sensor near metallic objects or materials. The following guidelines will help ensure a successful installation.

Do not let any metal — such as metal mounting brackets, screws or the LCD metal housing — *physically* contact the front or sides of the sensor. This could be recognized as a touch.

In the design phase, avoid metal bezels whenever possible. If your current design has a metal bezel, ensure that it does not directly contact the sensor. The bezel should be appropriately grounded and very rigid. Use insulating tape or gasketing as a spacer.

Be aware that some plastic bezels have conductive paint that could act as a metal bezel so the same design rules apply in these instances.

Take measures to ensure that a metal bezel presents a constant and stable stray capacitive path to ground at least during operation. If there is a conductive door or bezel, send a Reset command to compensate for stray capacitance changes after closing the door. On most enclosures, a reset can be generated using the door open/close switch. For more information on firmware commands, refer to the appropriate Controller Reference Guide found on the website: www.3Mtouch.com.

### **Touch System Location**

Keep in mind the optics of the sensor. Remember that different sources of light such as outdoor (natural sunlight) and indoor (incandescent or fluorescent) can cause different effects when viewing the sensor.

If the system is to be used in an outdoor environment, consider the position of natural light from the sun at different times of the day. Situating the system where sunlight cannot fall directly on the display will ensure that it can be used at all times.

Remember that lighting changes over the course of a day and depends on weather. Consider the brightness of an area and how it will affect readability of the computer display.

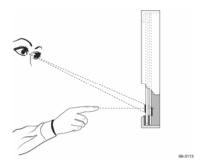
Consider using high brightness displays for better readability in bright ambient light conditions. Remember that sunlight comes in at different angles throughout the year. What might not be a problem in the summer could be an issue in winter.

Electromagnetic interference can cause problems with any electrical device. Be aware of devices that generate electrical fields, such as radio transmitters, mobile phones, pager transmitters, and security tag deactivators, and plan your installation accordingly.

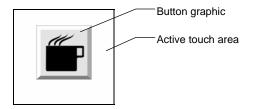
### **Designing Software Applications**

With any touch application, the design can be crucial to the usability of the final product. Clear icons, bright contrasting colors, large buttons, button placement, and simple layouts will contribute greatly to the success of your installation.

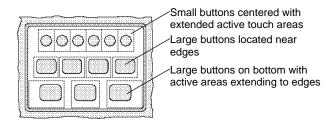
Because a SCT7650 sensor is thicker than a standard SCT sensor, it is important to understand the issue of parallax. Parallax, the effect of a target object appearing in different positions when looked at from different angles, is a common problem in many computer applications. The combination of the sensor in front of the display and differing heights of users can cause parallax. When designing your touch system software application, use the following guidelines to help reduce the effects of parallax.



• Design large buttons to facilitate touch. Remember that a fingertip is much larger than a cursor.



- Design larger active border areas for buttons. For example, if the button graphic is 1 inch x 1 inch, the active touch area behind it could be 2 inches x 2 inches. Be careful to allow sufficient space between buttons also.
- Keep buttons away from the edges and corners of the sensor. If this is impossible, make sure the active touch areas extend to the outer edges of the viewing area.



- Place buttons horizontally whenever possible. One size does not fit all! Consider the varying heights of users and thus viewing angles when designing the application.
- Make sure there is adequate space between buttons so touches do not overlap.
- Turn off the cursor. Users may inadvertently try to drag the cursor to the correct location on the sensor, emulating moving a mouse, instead of touching the button directly.
- Design your applications to work with a single touch to activate rather than a double-touch.

#### **CHAPTER 3**

### Installing an SCT7650EX System Sensor

This chapter describes how to install a 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> SCT7650 sensor in a flat display. You can install these sensors on many different flat displays.

- The information in this chapter pertains to most flat displays.
- This chapter does not provide detailed instructions for any specific flat display.
- The procedures are only intended as guidelines and will vary depending on the display manufacturer.

**Note:** Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and performance of any product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is suitable for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's intended application.

#### **Installation Considerations**

Before beginning the installation, review Chapter 2. Plan ahead to ensure a successful installation. To summarize:

- Before installing the sensor, be sure to account for the space needed by the sensor and its flex tail.
- Ensure that the integration design does not subject the flex tail bond area to pinch points and/or mechanical stresses.
- When installing the sensor, be careful not to route the sensor flex tail and power wires near the backlight inverter of the LCD panel.
- Because the sensor edges are electrically active, they should not come in contact with any conductive materials. Avoid contact with metal brackets, conductive bezel paint, etc.
- The bezel may need to be modified to accommodate the sealing gasket and sensor.
   When trimming the bezel, make sure that the mechanical integrity of the display is not compromised.
- The sensor tail is designed to be flexible, and it may be creased *once in a single direction*, in multiple locations along the tail and then secured in position with a light adhesive tape.
- If it is necessary to remove the sensor from the display after it has been attached, do not pry it off. Carefully follow the instructions given.
- Be sure to follow solvent manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using any solvents. Follow manufacturer's directions for suitable chemicals for your

- display. Refer to the section on *Sensor Care and Cleaning* later in this chapter for further information.
- When reassembling the sensor and bezel, do not over-tighten any corner. Do not over compress the sealing gaskets take out the air but not beyond. Follow gasket manufacturer's recommendations for allowable compression ranges (typically 30 to 50%). Pressure should be evenly distributed across the sensor.
- Perform a bench test of the hardware to ensure functionality before you start.

### **Disassembling the Display**

The process of disassembling the display is slightly different depending on the model of monitor; however, the components within the display housing are equivalent.

**Note:** This manual assumes that you have an LCD panel with chassis that are attached to the front bezel, but since the internal components of most assemblies are basically the same, these same steps are applicable to all flat display installations.

#### **Disconnecting the Power and Removing the Pedestal**

Most displays consist of a flat panel supported by a pedestal. The pedestal may house the wiring for the display. Before the display casing can be disassembled, the power must be disconnected and the pedestal removed.

- 1. Look at the front of the display. Some displays have a small door that hides the brightness and contrast controls. It is a good idea to tape this door closed to prevent damage when handling the bezel.
- 2. Gently place the display face down on a foam pad or other scratch resistant surface so that the rear of the display and pedestal are accessible.
- 3. Disconnect the power and video cables attached to the rear of the display housing. These cables may run through the pedestal where they connect to the base of the display.
- 4. Remove the screws securing the pedestal to the display. Be sure to label these for reassembly.
- 5. Remove the pedestal and set aside.

#### **Removing the Display Housing**

1. Place the display face down on a clean, anti-static pad. Remove the screws that secure the rear housing to the display, being sure to label them and set them aside.

**Note:** The way in which the rear housing is attached to the display varies from model to model. LCD display manufacturers may use screws, quick-release latches, clips, or release buttons.

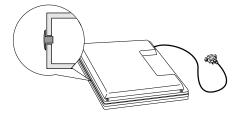
- 2. Lift off the rear housing to expose the display chassis. Remove any screws holding optional accessories (such as speakers or control buttons).
- 3. Remove the screws that secure the chassis to the front bezel. Carefully lift the chassis off the front bezel and set the bezel aside.

### **Fitting the Sensor**

The sealing gasket and mounting tape add approximately 1/16 to 1/8 inch (1.587 to 3.175 mm) and the sensor adds approximately 1/8 inch (3.175 mm) to the thickness of the display assembly. You will need to make sure there is enough space to reassemble the display once the gasket, tape, and sensor are fully integrated.

#### **Checking for Adequate Space**

- 1. Inspect the inside of the rear display cover.
- 2. Note the clearance between the inside surface of the rear cover and the rear of the LCD panel or chassis. You may be able to look through the vents and openings in the cover to check the available space.
- 3. You must be able to move the LCD panel or chassis about 3/16 inches (4.7 mm) into the rear of the housing. If there is not enough space, you may not be able to reassemble the display once the sensor is installed. Here are a few solutions:
  - a. You can trim some plastic sections from inside the housing making sure you do not compromise the mechanical integrity of the display.
  - b. You can reassemble with a gap between front and back housings. This gap is a result of the thickness added by the sensor. For aesthetic purposes, a plastic "belly band" can be inserted in the gap. This band is a T-shaped strip (usually made of Teflon) that fills in the gap and smoothes the edge.



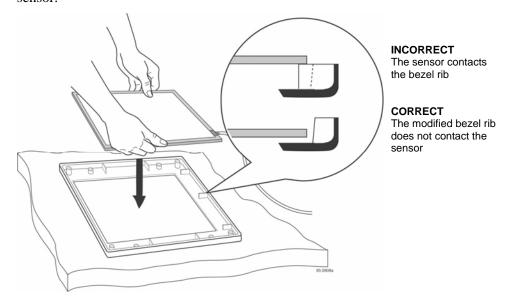
#### Modifying the Bezel

You now need to determine if the sealing gasket and sensor fit into the bezel. If necessary, you must trim the ribs and fins on the bezel that are in direct contact with the sensor or the sensor cable.

**Note:** When trimming the bezel, make sure you do not compromise the mechanical integrity of the display.

- 1. Place the bezel face down on an anti-static pad. Be sure to orient the top of the bezel closest to you.
- 2. Place the sensor face down against the inside of the bezel opening. Be sure to orient the sensor so the flex tail exits from the correct side of the bezel. Refer to the mechanical drawing of the sensor for details of your specific sensor.
- 3. Align and center the viewing area of the sensor. Make sure the limits of the viewing area do not extend into the bezel opening.

4. Note the ribs and fins of the bezel that are in direct contact with the sensor. Pay particular attention to the corners as well as the area where the flex tail exits from the sensor.



- 5. Carefully cut out a notch in each rib and cut back each fin that contacts the sensor.
  - Make sure you remove only enough material to facilitate the installation of the sealing gasket and sensor.
  - Make sure you clean any excess material or shavings from the cutout area.
  - Make sure you preserve the structural integrity in the rest of the rib area.

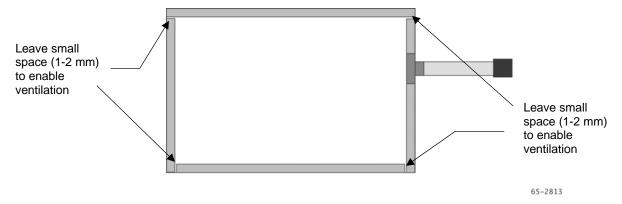


### Mounting the Sensor to the LCD Panel

Before you begin this process, please review the *Mechanical Considerations—Mounting Tape to LCD* section in Chapter 2 for additional important information on this subject.

**Note**: For ease of maintenance, you might want to put a border of Kapton® tape (or a similar strength tape) around the perimeter of the LCD panel in order to provide a surface to adhere the 3M VHB mounting tape that will be easy to remove if the need arises.

Strips of high-density foam mounting tape (3M Product Numbers 4956, 4956F, or 4979F) with adhesive on both sides should be used to attach the sensor to the LCD metal frame. These strips should not form a full seal – allow for ventilation (1-2 mm gaps) at the corners as shown above. Because new LCDs run significantly hotter than their predecessors, you should allow air to escape to avoid damaging the LCD with temperature and pressure equalization issues.



**Caution**: The tape should have a minimum thickness of 1/16-inch (1.587 mm) Avoid using thinner tapes. If thicker tape is needed, it is okay to double the recommended VHB tape. Do NOT use highly compressible tapes.

Failure to mount the sensor in this fashion may result in reduced accuracy at extended temperature ranges.

**Caution:** To reduce the risk of damage to the LCD films, make sure the tape (either Kapton tape or VHB tape) does not touch the surface of the LCD. Ensure that the tape is aligned with the **frame** of the LCD (not in the viewing area).

The foam tape serves the following purposes:

- Holds the sensor in place on the LCD panel
- Maintains a constant distance between the sensor and the LCD panel
- Cushions the LCD and glass surfaces
- Prevents dust and other contaminants from getting in between the LCD and sensor surfaces

#### **Positioning the Sensor**

The correct positioning of the sensor is extremely important. You should practice positioning the sensor on the LCD panel until you are comfortable with how the sensor should be aligned with the horizontal and vertical center of the LCD face.

- 1. Place the LCD panel face-up on the foam pad, being careful of the components attached to the rear of the LCD.
- 2. Hold the sensor so the flex tail exits from the correct location. If you are unsure of the correct positioning, contact your customer service representative to request a detailed drawing.

**Note:** The sensor tail is designed to be flexible, and it may be creased *once* in a single direction, in multiple locations along the tail and then secured in position with a light adhesive tape. Tail bond should not be placed under mechanical stress. Refer to *Tail Routing* in Chapter 2.

3. Place the sensor onto the LCD panel and ensure that the sensor is straight and the viewing area centered on the LCD panel.

#### **Sensor Care and Cleaning**

The sensor requires very little maintenance. 3M Touch Systems recommends that you periodically clean the glass sensor surface.



#### CAUTION

To avoid the potentially hazardous situations associated with the use of isopropyl alcohol which may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage: Follow all instructions and recommendations in the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet and product label.

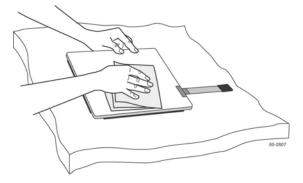
Typically, an isopropyl alcohol and water solution ratio of 50:50 is the best cleaning agent for your sensor. You can also use straight isopropyl alcohol. Be sure to follow solvent manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using any solvents.

- Do not use corrosive chemicals on the sensor. Do not use any vinegar-based solutions.
- Always dampen the cloth and then clean the sensor. Be sure to spray the cleaning liquid onto the cloth, not the sensor, so that drips do not seep inside the display or stain the bezel.
- Apply the cleaner with a soft, lint-free cloth. Avoid using gritty cloths.
- Always handle the sensor with care. Do not pull on or stress flex tail.

#### Attaching the Sensor to the LCD Panel

Once you feel comfortable with the alignment and positioning of the sensor, you are ready to permanently attach the sensor to the LCD panel.

1. Use the recommended cleaner and a soft, lint-free cloth to clean the sensor. Make sure the glass is clean and dry before you attach the sensor.



2. Apply strips of the double-sided acrylic foam tape (3M VHB 4956) around the perimeter of the LCD panel. Refer to the Mechanical Considerations section in Chapter 2 for additional details.

**Note:** To distinguish the front surface of the sensor, understand that the printed frit pattern and the sensor tail connection are on top. The tail is bent and exits from the back surface of the sensor.



- 3. Remove the paper backing from the double-sided tape on the LCD panel.
- 4. Hold the sensor so the flex tail exits from the correct location.
- 5. Attach the sensor to the viewable area of the LCD panel with one smooth motion.

#### Inspect the Mounted Sensor

After you mount the sensor to the LCD panel, inspect your results carefully and check that the sensor is installed properly.

- 1. Set the LCD panel in its standard upright position.
- 2. Look at the front of the LCD panel, and ensure the sensor flex tail exits from the correct location.
- 3. Check for proper alignment. Make sure the sensor is not off-center or crooked. If the sensor is not correctly aligned with the LCD panel, you must remove and remount the sensor before you can continue with the installation.
- 4. Look for dirt or lint trapped between the LCD panel and the sensor, as these particles will be visible later.

If any part of the inspection fails, you must remove and remount the sensor.

### Repair or Removing the Sensor (if needed)



#### CAUTION

To avoid the risk of glass breakage which may result in minor or moderate

Do not try to pry the sensor off the LCD panel. You may break the glass and injure yourself or others.

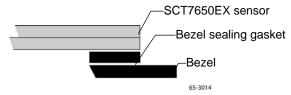
If you need to remove the sensor, do not try to pry the sensor off the LCD panel. You may break the glass and injure yourself or others.

- 1. Use a razor knife or a single-edge razor blade to carefully cut through the mounting tape.
  - Start at the top of the sensor and work down the sides.
  - Be careful not to scratch the LCD panel or the sensor.
  - Be sure to support the sensor as it comes away from the LCD panel.
- 2. Use isopropyl alcohol to remove the foam tape and adhesive residue from the back of the sensor. Be sure to follow solvent manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using any solvents. Follow manufacturer's directions for suitable chemicals for your display.
- 3. Repeat the procedure for properly attaching the sensor to the LCD panel.

### Adding a Sealing Gasket to the Bezel

- 1. Place the bezel face down on an anti-static pad.
- 2. Use a die-cut gasket or cut strips of the closed cell, compressible foam sealing gasket tape to fit the inside edges of the bezel opening to form a **full perimeter** seal. To ensure tight fitting sealing joints, the gasket tape should be cut using a razor knife or single-edge razor blade.

It is essential that the surface be clean and dry and free of grease or oils.



- 3. Remove the paper backing from the tape. Adhere a strip of gasket tape to each inside edge of the bezel opening. Align one edge of the gasket to the edge of the bezel opening. If the gasket overlaps the bezel edge, it will be visible from the front of the LCD. If the gasket is spaced away from the bezel edge, you will create a gap that can collect dust, liquids, etc.
- 4. Pay close attention to the bottom edge joints. Butt the gasket tape edges to create a tight fitting joint.

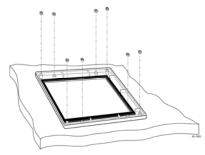
### **Adding Spacers to the Bezel**

You may need to insert nylon spacers and washers over each bezel post to accommodate the additional space of the sealing gasket and sensor. The spacers provide safety clearance for the sensor and prevent conductive materials on the bezel from contacting the sensor. **Do not omit these spacers and washers.** 

You need to determine the correct amount of space to add to the bezel. At a minimum, you must add enough space to adjust for the thickness of the sensor, the mounting tape on the back of the sensor and the gasket seal.

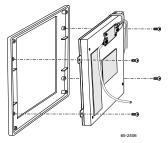
Following is an example of adding spacers to the bezel to accommodate the extra space created by the sensor. In this example, assume a sealing gasket, mounting tape, and a sensor.

- 1. Insert a temporary post, such as a cable tie-wrap or toothpick, in each bezel hole.
- 2. Place an insulating nylon spacer over each temporary post. The size of this spacer will compensate for the thickness added by the sealing gasket, mounting tape, and sensor. The size of your spacer may be different to provide additional spacing and support.



- 3. Align the screw holes (or tabs) over the temporary post. Each LCD hole/tab must rest on top of the spacer and washer above the bezel screw hole.
- 4. Adjust the LCD panel so that it is centered in the bezel and remove the temporary posts.
- 5. Select a replacement screw for the factory-installed bezel screws. 3M Touch Systems recommends that you replace the factory LCD panel screws with longer screws to accommodate the sealing gasket and sensor thickness and prevent the glass from breaking by forcing too short screws to work.

The replacement screws should be the same type and size as the factory screws, but 3/16-inch to 1/4-inch (4.76 to 6.35 mm) longer. The size depends on the amount of space you added between the bezel and LCD panel.



- 6. Install the replacement screws as follows:
  - a. Thread the screws into the holes that connect the LCD to the bezel.
  - b. Work diagonally from one corner to the opposite corner.
  - c. Do not over-tighten any one side or corner. Pressure should be evenly distributed across the sensor.
  - d. You must be able to complete at least three full turns of the screw into the original threads.
  - e. If you install the screws correctly, the screws should be seated properly and be a little tighter than finger tight. A close fit will prevent liquids and/or particles from

damaging the internal electronics, however, the screws should not be so tight that they add stress to the LCD panel or the sensor. If the bezel starts to warp when you tighten the screws, stop and loosen the screws.

#### Inspect the Attached LCD Panel and Bezel

Once you attach the LCD panel and the bezel, inspect your results as follows:

- Check the front of the assembly for proper alignment and adjust if necessary.
- Check that each bezel screw is seated properly and a little tighter than finger tight. The screws should not be so tight that they add stress to the LCD panel. If the bezel is warped, loosen the screws.

**Note:** If the screws are too tight, you may damage the sensor, damage the LCD panel, or bore right through the bezel.

Adjust the spacers or screws to get a secure attachment to the bezel without
squeezing too tightly. Make sure the bezel ribs and fins do not contact the sensor at
any point. If necessary, remove the bezel and trim the ribs and fins. For more
information, refer to Fitting the Sensor earlier in this chapter.

### **Reconnecting the Bezel and Chassis**

- 1. Reconnect all wires, cables, and switches.
- 2. Lay the sensor flex tail along the outside area of the chassis.
  - a. Avoid contact with internal electronics that can affect the sensor performance.
  - b. Do not route the sensor flex tail near the backlight inverter of the LCD panel.

#### **CHAPTER 4**

## Installing the 3M<sup>™</sup> MicroTouch<sup>™</sup> EX II Controller

This chapter describes how to install the controller for your  $3M^{TM}$  MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> sensor. You may be using one of several EX II series controllers, refer to the appropriate *EX II Controller Reference Guide* for additional information on your specific controller. You may obtain a copy of these guides from the <a href="https://www.3Mtouch.com">www.3Mtouch.com</a> website under Technical Documents.

This chapter assumes you have already disassembled the display and mounted the sensor to the front of the LCD panel. For information on completing these procedures, refer to Chapters 2 & 3.

This chapter covers the following information:

- Mounting the controller
- Supplying power to the controller
- Connecting the controller to the computer

#### 3M™ MicroTouch™ Controllers

There are different 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> controllers that can be used to operate your sensor. The most common types are the EX II 1700SC and EX II 77xxSC series serial capacitive controllers, and the EX II 5700UC and EX II 77xxUC series USB and HID controllers. A short description of each of these is given below. Although the interface and form factor of each of these controllers is different, the functionality and installation procedure is the same.

	Large form factor	Small form factor
Serial	EX II 1700SC series	EX II 77xxSC series
USB	EX II 5700UC series	EX II 77xxUC series

**Table 1. SCT7650EX II Compatible Controllers** 

EX II 1700SC series	EX II 1700SC series		
Communications protocol	Serial RS-232		
Documentation	EX II Serial Controller Reference Guide (29087)		
Form factor	Cased: 3.75 in (95 mm) by 2.5 in (64 mm) by 0.84 in (21 mm)		
FOIIII factor	Uncased: 3.5 in (89 mm) by 2.25 in (64 mm) by 0.3 in (8 mm)		
0			
Sensors supported	SCT7650 sensors with NOVRAM cable adapters		
Installation options	Internal (uncased) or external (cased)		
EX II 5700UC series			
Communications protocol	USB 1.1		
Documentation	EX II USB Controller Reference Guide (29489)		
Form factor	Cased: 3.75 in (95 mm) by 2.5 in (64 mm) by 0.84 in (21 mm)		
	Uncased: 3.5 in (89 mm) by 2.25 in (57 mm) by 0.3 in (8 mm)		
Sensors supported	SCT7650 sensors with NOVRAM cable adapters		
Installation options	Internal (uncased) or external (cased)		
EX II 77xxSC series			
Communications protocol	Serial RS232		
Documentation	EX II Serial Controller Reference Guide (29087)		
Form factor	1.3 in (33 mm) by 2.44 in (62 mm) by 0.32 in (8.1 mm)		
Sensors supported:	SCT7650 sensors		
Installation options	Internal only		
EX II 77xxUC series			
Communications protocol	USB 1.1		
Documentation	EX II USB Controller Reference Guide (29489)		
	EX II 7730HC HID Controller Reference Guide (34159)		
Form factor	1.3 in (33 mm) by 2.44 in (62 mm) by 0.32 in (8.1 mm)		
Sensors supported	SCT7650 sensors		
Installation options	Internal only		

### **Disassembling the Chassis**

- 1. Remove the screws securing the display control panel cover to the chassis. Be sure to save and label these screws for reassembly.
- 2. Take a moment to inspect the display's internal hardware before you disconnect any wires.
  - a. Take a digital photo or note where each wire is attached and how each wire is routed.
  - b. Label each wire. Labeling the wires makes reassembling easier.

c. Most LCD display manufacturers connect the major components with detachable cables that have keyed connectors and labels. In addition, cables are of such lengths that they usually connect to only one place. However, not all displays have easy and intuitive cable connections. When in doubt, make notes of all connection points.

Once the chassis has been disassembled, you can mount the controller and connect it to a sufficient power source following the instructions below for powering the controller either internally or externally.

### **Mounting the Touch Controller Internally**

Mounting the controller inside the display housing results in a neater, cleaner finish but requires internal space. Before you begin, make sure that there is sufficient room for the controller board inside the chassis.

Care must also be taken when attaching the controller board internally, as the boards can short out if they are not attached properly. Additional space will also be needed between the controller board and the metal shield to prevent shorting of the board.

Figure 1. EX II 1700 and 5700 Dimensions

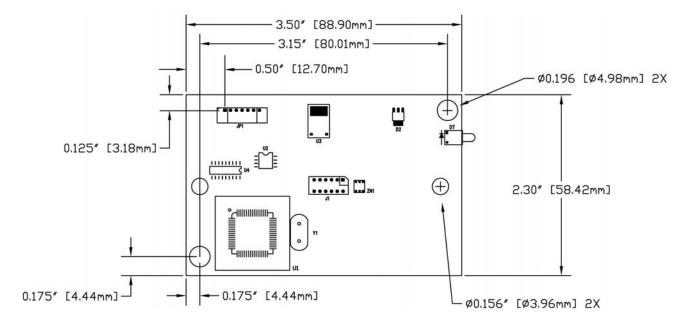
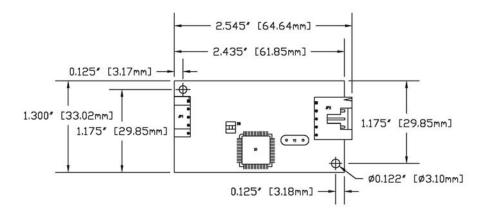


Figure 2. EX II 7700 Dimensions



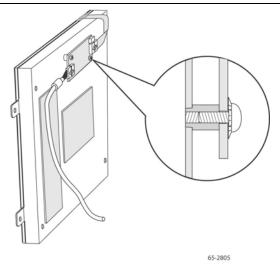
### **Completing Controller Mounting**

**Note:** The method and location selected in mounting a touch system controller internally is dependent on the mechanical design and assembly of the LCD display being integrated. There may be several alternatives to integrating the controller. The following illustrates one mounting method that may work for some LCD display products.

In order to mount the controller board to the housing, two holes must be drilled.

- 1. Mount the uncased controller board to the housing using two metal screws.
- 2. Insert a spacer between the controller board and the metal shield as shown in the following diagram. These spacers will prevent the board from shorting out.

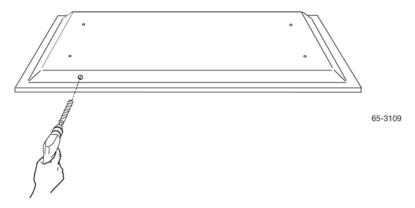
**Note:** Ensure that the two controller mounting holes are connected to the chassis ground of the LCD display.



3. Plug the sensor cable into the controller board, making sure that the pins are oriented in the correct direction.

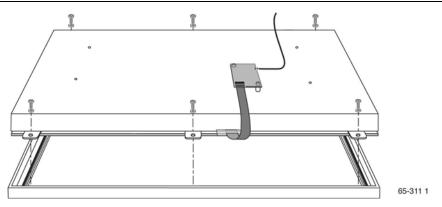
With the controller board properly mounted, all cables connected, and excess wiring cable-tied, the metal shield can be attached.

As mentioned earlier, it may be necessary to make changes to the metal shield and the rear display housing to accommodate the sensor flex tail. Usually it is necessary to make a hole in the shield and the housing so that the sensor flex tail can be routed through, however some models may have an existing opening that can be used.



With a sufficient opening, the sensor flex tail can be fed through the housing and the metal shield reattached.

**Note:** If a hole is drilled in the metal shield to accommodate the sensor flex tail, be sure to fold back the edges or install a grommet so that the flex tail does not fray on the sharp edges. Ensure that no metal filings fall into the electronic circuits.



**Note:** When routing the sensor flex tail through the metal shield and rear display cover, be careful to avoid the inverter and other high noise sources.

### **Powering the Touch Controller**

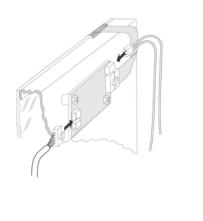
After deciding where to mount the touch system controller, it is necessary to determine how the touch system controller will be powered. As mentioned in the previous section, each type of controller requires a different power source.

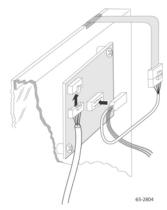
**Table 2. Serial Controllers** 

EX II 1700SC series		
Internal power option	Power input contacts: Orange, green and gray wires attached to the sensor cable connector.	
Connections (NOVRAM):	Green/yellow: Chassis ground (should be as short as possible) Grey: GND RTN Orange: 12VDC	
External power option (RS-232 Power Plug)	Power input contacts: Auxiliary plug on the RS-232 connector of controller cable.	
Connections:	Green/yellow: Chassis ground Grey: cut and insulate, do not use in conjunction with RS-232 Power Plug Orange: cut and insulate, do not use in conjunction with RS-232 Power Plug	
EX II 7700SC series		
Internal power option	Power input location: Two pin connector on controller board adjacent to sensor connector	
Connections (2-pin power):	Pin 1: GND RTN Pin 2: 5VDC to 12VDC	
External power option	Power input locations: Auxiliary plug on the RS-232 connector of controller cable.	
Connections:	None required Controller must be properly grounded through the mounting holes.	

**Table 3. USB Controllers** 

EX II 5700UC series		
USB Bus Power option	Power input from USB connection to PC	
Connections	Green/yellow: Chassis ground	
(NOVRAM):	Grey and Orange: Insulated with no electrical connection	
EX II 7700UC series		
Bus Power option	Power input contacts: Use connection to PC	
Connections:	None required	
	Controller must be properly grounded through the mounting holes.	





### **Locating Power for the Touch Controller**

If you have chosen to power your controller internally, you need to tap a power source within the display. It is helpful to locate this power source before beginning the controller installation. A multi-meter or the display schematic can be used to locate an appropriate power source on the display's main board.

The power source must meet the following requirements:

- Minimum current supplied: 100mA
- Maximum voltage drop allowed: 100 mV
- Maximum a/c ripple 50 mV

To determine the display's voltage drop at the power source conduct the following test:

- 1. Measure voltage across the power source contacts
- 2. Connect sensor to controller, and controller to power source.
- 3. Power up the display and allow it to warm up for at least 10 minutes
- 4. Measure voltage across the power source again

The difference in voltages before and after the wires were connected cannot exceed 100 mV. If this voltage drop is exceeded, you must find a different tap point location.

### Modifying the Display for the Controller Cable

- 1. Select a location on the rear of the display's cover for the controller cable. You need to be able to thread the cable from outside the display in through the opening.
- 2. Use a center punch to place a dimple at the selected location.
- 3. Drill a hole using a 3/4-inch spade bit.

#### **Installing the Controller Cable Grommet**

You will also need a grommet to place around the controller cable. The grommet seals the opening between the cable and the display cover.

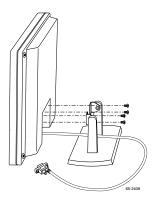
Attach the grommet around the controller cable. Carefully insert the grommet into the mounting hole using a blunt tool.

#### Reassembling the LCD Panel and Display Cover

Once you drill the holes in the display cover for the touch system controller cable, you are ready to reassemble the display.

1. Check the LCD panel mounting for proper adjustment. Make sure all wires are properly attached, including the sensor's green wire to the chassis ground.

Check for video and power cables that originate inside the display. If these cables exist, be sure to thread them through the appropriate opening in the display cover. These will be reconnected through the pedestal.



**Note:** When routing the sensor flex tail through the metal shield and rear display cover, be careful to avoid the inverter and other high noise sources.

- 2. Align the display cover for reattachment to the chassis and thread the controller cable through the hole.
- 3. Remount the cover to the chassis assembly and attach the housing screws you removed when you disassembled the display or use new longer screws as required.

**Note:** Do not tighten the screws beyond the "just tight" position. Nylon threads strip easily.

### Using Your 3M™ MicroTouch™ Sensor

### **Installing Touch System Software**

MT 7 touch software includes the touch driver and control panel that enables your sensor to work with your computer. 3M Touch Systems provides touch drivers for the many different operating systems. All 3M<sup>TM</sup> MicroTouch<sup>TM</sup> drivers, as well as relevant technical documentation and legacy drivers, can be found on the web at www.3Mtouch.com.

To install your touch driver/utility directly from your browser, select OPEN (WinZip files will appear). Unzip or extract files to an easy-to-find directory, then select "setup.exe" from the file list to start the installation process.

#### **Calibrating the Sensor**

To complete the setup of your touch monitor, make sure you calibrate the sensor. *Calibration* serves two purposes:

- Sets the active area of the sensor
- Aligns the sensor's active area to the underlying video

To calibrate the sensor, open the sensor control panel and select Calibrate. Follow the directions displayed on the sensor. For more information on calibration, refer to the online help or the technical user documentation.